1		AN ACT relating to community parenting alternative sentencing plans.
2	Be it	enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3		→ Section 1. KRS 533.010 is amended to read as follows:
4	(1)	As used in this section, "parenting-based alternative sentence" means probation
5		with an alternative sentencing plan based on community rehabilitation, with a
6		focus on parent-child unity and support, available to a defendant who:
7		(a) Committed a nonviolent offense;
8		(b) Is the primary caregiver of a dependent child; and
9		(c) Has not committed an offense against the person for whom the defendant is
10		the primary caregiver.
11	<u>(2)</u>	Any person who has been convicted of a crime and who has not been sentenced to
12		death may be sentenced to probation, probation with an alternative sentencing plan,
13		or conditional discharge as provided in this chapter.
14	<u>(3)</u> [(2	Before imposition of a sentence of imprisonment, the court shall consider
15		probation, probation with an alternative sentencing plan, or conditional discharge.
16		Unless the defendant is a violent felon as defined in KRS 439.3401 or a statute
17		prohibits probation, shock probation, or conditional discharge, after due
18		consideration of the defendant's risk and needs assessment, nature and
19		circumstances of the crime, and the history, character, and condition of the
20		defendant, probation or conditional discharge shall be granted, unless the court is of
21		the opinion that imprisonment is necessary for protection of the public because:
22		(a) There is substantial risk that during a period of probation or conditional
23		discharge the defendant will commit another crime;
24		(b) The defendant is in need of correctional treatment that can be provided most
25		effectively by his commitment to a correctional institution; or
26		(c) A disposition under this chapter will unduly depreciate the seriousness of the
27		defendant's crime.

1	<u>(4)[(3)]</u>	In the event the court determines that probation is not appropriate after due
2	cons	ideration of the defendant's risk and needs assessment, nature and
3	circu	imstances of the crime, and the history, character, and condition of the
4	defe	ndant, probation with an alternative sentencing plan shall be granted unless the
5	cour	t is of the opinion that imprisonment is necessary for the protection of the
6	publ	ic because:
7	(a)	There is a likelihood that during a period of probation with an alternative
8		sentencing plan or conditional discharge the defendant will commit a Class D
9		or Class C felony or a substantial risk that the defendant will commit a Class
10		B or Class A felony;
11	(b)	The defendant is in need of correctional treatment that can be provided most
12		effectively by commitment to a correctional institution; or
13	(c)	A disposition under this chapter will unduly depreciate the seriousness of the
14		defendant's crime.
15	<u>(5)</u> [(4)]	The court shall not determine that there is a likelihood that the defendant will
16	com	mit a Class C or Class D felony based upon the defendant's risk and needs
17	asse	ssment and the fact that:
18	(a)	The defendant has never been convicted of, pled guilty to, or entered an
19		Alford plea to a felony offense;
20	(b)	If convicted of, having pled guilty to, or entered an Alford plea to a felony
21		offense, the defendant successfully completed probation more than ten (10)

(c) The defendant has been released from incarceration for the commission of a felony offense more than ten (10) years immediately prior to the date of the commission of the felony for which the defendant is now being sentenced and

years immediately prior to the date of the commission of the felony for which

the defendant is now being sentenced and has had no intervening convictions,

pleas of guilty, or Alford pleas to any criminal offense during that period; or

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has had no intervening convictions, pleas of guilty, or Alford pleas to any

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2		criminal offense during that period.
3	<u>(6)</u> [(5)]	In making a determination under subsection $(5)$ [(4)] of this section, the court
4	may	determine that the greater weight of the evidence indicates that there is a
5	likel	ihood that the defendant will commit a Class C or Class D felony.
6	<u>(7)</u> [(6)]	Upon initial sentencing of a defendant or upon modification or revocation of
7	prob	ation, when the court deems it in the best interest of the public and the
8	defe	ndant, the court may order probation with the defendant to serve one (1) of the
9	follo	wing alternative sentences:
10	(a)	To a halfway house for no more than twelve (12) months;
11	(b)	To home incarceration with or without work release for no more than twelve
12		(12) months;
13	(c)	To jail for a period not to exceed twelve (12) months with or without work
14		release, community service and other programs as required by the court;
15	(d)	To a residential treatment program for the abuse of alcohol or controlled
16		substances;
17	(e)	To a reentry center for no more than twelve (12) months; or
18	(f)	To any other specified counseling program, rehabilitation or treatment
19		program, or facility.
20	<u>(8)</u> [(7)]	If during the term of the alternative sentence the defendant fails to adhere to
21	and	complete the conditions of the alternative sentence, the court may modify the
22	term	s of the alternative sentence or may modify or revoke probation and alternative
23	sente	ence and commit the defendant to an institution.
24	<u>(9)</u> [(8)]	In addition to those conditions that the court may impose, the conditions of
25	alter	native sentence shall include the following and, if the court determines that the
26	defe	ndant cannot comply with them, then they shall not be made available:
27	(a)	A defendant sentenced to a halfway house shall:

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1		1. Be working or pursuing his or her education or be enrolled in a full-time
2		treatment program;
3		2. Pay restitution during the term of probation; and
4		3. Have no contact with the victim of the defendant's crime;
5	(b)	A defendant sentenced to home incarceration shall:
6		1. Be employed by another person or self-employed at the time of
7		sentencing to home incarceration and continue the employment
8		throughout the period of home incarceration, unless the court determines
9		that there is a compelling reason to allow home incarceration while the
10		defendant is unemployed;
11		2. Pay restitution during the term of home incarceration;
12		3. Enter a treatment program, if appropriate;
13		4. Pay all or some portion of the cost of home incarceration as determined
14		by the court;
15		5. Comply with other conditions as specified; and
16		6. Have no contact with the victim of the defendant's crime;
17	(c)	A defendant sentenced to jail with community service shall:
18		1. Pay restitution during all or some part of the defendant's term of
19		probation; and
20		2. Have no contact with the victim of the defendant's crime;
21	(d)	A defendant sentenced to a residential treatment program for drug and alcohol
22		abuse shall:
23		1. Undergo mandatory drug screening during term of probation;
24		2. Be subject to active, supervised probation for a term of five (5) years;
25		3. Undergo aftercare as required by the treatment program;
26		4. Pay restitution during the term of probation; and
27		5. Have no contact with the victim of the defendant's crime; or

1	(e)	A defendant sentenced to a reentry center shall:
2		1. Be employed in the community or working in a vocational program at
3		the reentry center;
4		2. Be enrolled in a treatment program;
5		3. Pay restitution, fees, and fines during the term of probation; and
6		4. Comply with other conditions as specified: or
7	<u>(f)</u>	A defendant sentenced to a parenting-based alternative sentence shall, as
8		directed by the court:
9		1. Undergo mental health screening, education, or treatment;
10		2. Complete drug and alcohol treatment;
11		3. Complete domestic violence education and prevention planning, anger
12		management training, financial literacy training, or parenting classes
13		or training;
14		4. Receive counseling for domestic violence and abuse and dating
15		violence and abuse, or family and individual counseling;
16		5. Utilize vocational and educational services;
17		6. Be employed in the community or working in a vocational program;
18		7. Maintain stable housing; or
19		8. Comply with recommendations of family case management services
20		approved by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services and other
21		<u>conditions as specified</u> .
22	<u>(10)</u> [(9)]	When the court deems it in the best interest of the defendant and the public,
23	the o	court may order the person to work at community service related projects under
24	the	terms and conditions specified in KRS 533.070. Work at community service
25	relat	red projects shall be considered as a form of conditional discharge.
26	<u>(11)</u> [(10)]	Probation with alternative sentence shall not be available as set out in KRS
27	532.	045 and 533.060, except as provided in KRS 533.030(6).

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1	(12) [(11)] The court may utilize a community corrections program authorized or funded
2	under KRS Chapter 196 to provide services to any person released under this
3	section.
4	(13)[(12)] When the court deems it in the best interest of the defendant and the public,
5	the court may order the defendant to placement for probation monitoring by a
6	private agency. The private agency shall report to the court on the defendant's
7	compliance with his or her terms of probation or conditional discharge. The
8	defendant shall be responsible for any reasonable charges which the private agency
9	charges.
10	(14)[(13)] The jailer in each county incarcerating Class C or D felons may deny work
11	release privileges to any defendant for violating standards of discipline or other jail
12	regulations. The jailer shall report the action taken and the details of the violation
13	on which the action was based to the court of jurisdiction within five (5) days of the
14	violation.
15	(15)[(14)] The Department of Corrections shall, by administrative regulation, develop
16	written criteria for work release privileges granted under this section.
17	(16) [(15)] Reimbursement of incarceration costs shall be paid directly to the jailer in the
18	amount specified by written order of the court. Incarceration costs owed to the
19	Department of Corrections shall be paid through the circuit clerk.
20	(17)[(16)] The court shall enter into the record written findings of fact and conclusions
21	of law when considering implementation of any sentence under this section.